

# My Drugs Your Drugs, Indonesia

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**Abstracts:** , Social Phenomena of Narcotics Circulation, especially Sidenreng Rappang Regency, has not shown maximum results, and even seems to be increasingly rampant to the remote villages. Sidenreng Rappang Regency, South Sulawesi Province, is known as the Lumbung Beras area, recently this positive stigma has shifted that Sidenreng Rappang Regency is now better known as the Narcotics Granary which is one of the drug trafficking centers in South Sulawesi. The results of the study obtained data, in 2015 with the number of 82 cases with 109 suspects, 2016 with 111 cases with 149 suspects, and 2017 with 140 cases with 197 suspects, and 2018 with 59 cases with the number of suspects 99 (Results of direct interviews with Sidrap Police Narcotics Officers and administrative staff, 31 July 2018). 1. Take strict action in accordance with the applicable law towards producers, distributors and users and carry out effective and educative coordination steps with related parties and the community. 2. Strive to increase the budget to rehabilitate victims of narcotics, psychotropic and other addictive substances.

**Keywords:** Network, Narcotics, Sidenreng Rappang.

## 1. INTRODUCTION

Social Phenomena of Narcotics Circulation, especially Sidenreng Rappang Regency, have not shown maximum results, and even seem to be increasingly rampant to the countryside.

The development and mode of operation or forms of crime are formed along with the dynamics of society and technological advancements created by humans. Every opportunity or opportunity is always utilized by organized individuals, groups, and organizations, including countries with methods or various ways with the intention that their goals are achieved.

What worries again is that in Indonesia the circulation and use of drugs is no longer at the age of 25 years and above but the age of 25 years and under is increasingly increasing. because drug trafficking is no longer in big city cities but drug trafficking extends to areas including in the sub-district of Panca Rijang Sidrap Regency which is one of the biggest drug trafficking and distribution sites in eastern Indonesia. Therefore to prevent and eradicate drug abuse in sidrap district, an institution that is truly serious and responsive to drug abuse is needed.

Thus the existence of the District Narcotics Agency (BNK) is expected to carry out its duties and functions to the maximum so that drug users and traffickers in Sidrap Regency experience more days of decline but from the results of observations and facts that we see directly with existing conditions precisely with the existence of Narcotics Agency The district (BNK) level of drug users and circulation is actually increasing every day.

BNN data says an average of 50 people die from drugs every day. 50 people every day which means around 18,000 people every year. Ironically, 18,000 human resources that should have been able to provide innovation and energy in order to increase the development of Indonesia in various sectors actually gave up their lives as drug slaves without contributing to the country. In 2015 there were nearly 4 million people from the National Narcotics Agency's estimate of 5.1 million. According to UNODC (United Nations)

Office on Drugs and Crime), drug users in Indonesia have reached 5,060,000 people. With the details of users of crystalline methamphetamine (sabu) 1.2 million people; cannabis (marijuana) 2.8 million people; ecstasy 950

thousand people and heroin 110 thousand people. Of this number, 52.2% are under 30 years old, youth and productive youth groups in Sidenreng Rappang Regency.

Based on the results of the research data obtained, in 2015 with the number of cases 82 with suspects 109 people, in 2016 with the number of cases 111 with the number of suspects 149, and in 2017 with the number of cases 140 with the number of suspects 197 people, and 2018 with the number 59 cases suspect 99 (Results of direct interview of Sidrap Police Narcotics Head and administrative staff, 31 July 2018).

#### *Implications for the Medical and Social Rehabilitation Model*

Knowledge of the role of the social environment in the recovery of addicts or recurrence of using drugs serves as a direction in developing social re-construction measures so that sociologically, drug victims get social support to maintain their better new behavior.

The unfavorable social situation then becomes an indirect cause of the ineffectiveness of the rehabilitation program's success, especially when the addict has just undergone a treatment program in an aftercare.

Research has proven that generally someone trapped in drug abuse begins with ignorance of this dangerous drug. Its social reality is to avoid the many victims of drug abuse, it requires continuous socialization of basic drug information among the general public.

Drug trafficking never stops. The consequences of drug abuse are very complex, as is the case with circulation. Efforts to expand the network of abusers as if they were endless. IDU is the group of abusers who are most at risk of becoming drug dealers, because almost half (45%) of IDUs have sold drugs to other people.

In Indonesia, there are also forms of organized crime whose characteristics are by forming a network in committing crimes, including business practices in drug crime in Indonesia. One of the business practices of drug crime in Indonesia can be seen in several cases. This shows that Indonesia is a market and a place for actors to do business.

Eradicating the drug business is not easy. This is due to the pattern of business activities carried out by the actors implementing a network model. The meaning is that there are connecting points, which are members of the network, who will continue to run the drug business cycle even though one of them has been caught. The existence of these connecting points also indicates that if the leader of the drug business crime organization is caught, it does not mean that the drug business stops completely.

Related to the role of the people involved, first, is their presence in a network that is not directly related to the center. Second, is the adaptation of people involved in the network. The important thing about this adaptation is their way of emphasizing understanding of gangguang and strategies in response to the gangs that are about the network. The reason an intermediary can be considered better is, first, the intermediary can control information asymmetrically which can simultaneously control the business in the network. Second, intermediaries provide benefits for a network because it is very suitable to be used as a center for carrying out buying and selling activities because it is more efficient and safe. Third, because an intermediary does not get a stereotype that considers himself a bad person, then this makes it easy to collect and coordinate existing resources.

#### *Narcotics Nursing Network in Sidenreng Rappang*

Sidenreng Rappang Regency, South Sulawesi Province, is known as the Lumbung Beras area, recently this positive stigma has shifted that Sidenreng Rappang Regency is now better known as the Narcotics Granary which is one of the drug trafficking centers in South Sulawesi. The social fact is to look at social phenomena in the circulation of narcotics, especially in Sidrap Regency, and have not shown maximum results, and even seem to be increasingly rampant to the villages. Of the several cases that have been revealed are as follows:

1. The National Narcotics Agency (BNN) has succeeded in uncovering the narcotics distribution syndicate in

Sidrap on Thursday (7/19/2018). Sabu weighing 5 kg is secured in two locations in Panca Rijang, Sidrap, South Sulawesi (Sulsel) Districts. The first location was the disclosure of illicit goods, on Jl AP Pettarani, Lalebata Village, Panca Rijang District, Sidenreng Rappang District at 3:30 a.m. A man suspected of being a narcotics dealer with the initials AN (39) was successfully secured with evidence of sabu weighing 2 kg. After securing AN and the evidence, the joint BNN team carried out the development.

2. Two members of the Sidrap police station allegedly involved in drug trafficking underwent a Propam examination on Monday, August 13, 2018. Both of these individuals had the rank of Bripkas with the S in their daily duties in the Sidrap Police Integrated Service Center (SPKT). And the other is a Brigadier with the initials N from the Sabhara Unit.

3. The Case of the Civil Society perpetrators of drugs who were arrested in Sidenreng Rappang District. Four drug offenders were arrested by the local police. The disclosure of this case began when Sidrap Police Narcotics Satres Team secured the first offender, HBP (39), who lives on Jalan Andi Haseng, Pangkajene Village, Maritengngae District, Sidenreng Rappang Regency, then on Jalan Pelita, Kelurahan Panreng, Baranti District, Sidenreng Rappang District, three other actors each ABL (25), HBR (42) and SBM were also successfully arrested. The three were arrested at the house of the perpetrator, ABL on the East Pesantren Street, Benteng Village, Baranti District, Sidrap Regency.

4. Cases of unscrupulous Civil Servants (PNS). "The civil servant was recorded as a civil servant. He was arrested in front of SMK 2 Sidenreng with two of his colleagues," said the Police Chief of Sidrap, AKBP Anggi Naufal Siregar, at the Sidrap Police Headquarters, Jl Bau Massepe, Maritengngae District, Sidrap. Plus thirteen of the 16 drug offenders have been named as suspects.

5. Cases of unscrupulous members of the Sidrap DPRD, the National Narcotics Agency (BNN) of South Sulawesi Province, arrested one member of the Regional Representative Council of Sidrap in a cafe in Watang Pulu District, Sidenreng Rappang Regency, Wednesday, July 29, 2015. Based on information, Sidrap legislators arrested was AL, 43 years old, from one of the Political Parties. He is thought to be a dealer and user of shabu-type drugs. The Sidenreng Rappang District legislator was arrested along with six other alleged perpetrators. Among them, two men, namely AW, 39 years and US, 35 EP (23), and SA (28). They are self-employed and cafe employees at the arrest location.

Nur Syamsi, Head of the Makassar BNN Rehabilitation Center Administration, also mentioned three regions in South Sulawesi, namely Pinrang, Parepare, and Sidrap which were included by the BNN as a red zone. The red zone means that the area is the center of drug trafficking. "The three regions, based on BNN monitoring, are easily accessible to drug dealers, both from the Kalimantan region and from Malaysia.

## **2. METHODOLOGY**

### *Research Approach*

The approach used in this study is a qualitative approach, and to answer the phenomenon of the problems faced. Snowball sampling is one method in taking samples from a population.

The selection and determination of the type of qualitative research is not merely interpreted as the choice of a method that is focused on the type of data and analyzed that is qualitative, but has a philosophical foundation that underlies the birth of certain paradigms about this method. In connection with the research design used Strauss & Juliet (2003) explained several designs including: Phenomenology, Ethnometeorology, Gunded Research, Qualitative Observation and Etiology, among various phenomenological strategies to uncover the meaning behind the facts (Agustang Andi, 2007).

Therefore this snowball sampling is a very strategic approach in reviewing the matter of this research, including non-probability sampling techniques (samples with unequal probabilities). For sampling methods like this specifically used for community data from the respondents / sample subjective, or in other words, the sample

sample we want is very rare and is grouped in a set. In other words, the snowball sampling method is sampling by chain.

### **3. CONCLUSION**

Eradicating the drug business is not easy. This is due to the pattern of business activities carried out by the actor applying the network model. This means that connection points are members of the network that will continue to run the drug business even though one of them has been caught. This connection point also indicates that if the drug business crime organization leader is seen, it does not mean that drug business will stop completely.

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DOI: <https://doi.org/10.15379/ijmst.v10i2.1179>

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